

It Will Pay You to Get In on This

You spend over one third of your time in bed.

Make this time easy for yourself, by getting one of our Special Bed Outfits.

An all Cotton Mattress. A Coil Spring.
A Simmons Bed, all for only .. \$24.95

Make sleep Easy

See our windows for other Specials

J. L. ACHESON
—FOR—
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

Dry Lumber in Sheds

All kinds of building material. If you need a Machine Shed or Garage, call and get our prices.

Large stock of Wagon parts carried in Oak and Hickory.

The best of Jack Pine wood and Drumheller Coal carried in stock at all times.

BEAVER LUMBER
COMPANY LIMITED
IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

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Acadia Federal Constituency U.F.A. Ass'n

ROBERT GARDINER

U.F.A. CANDIDATE

will address mass meetings as follows:

| | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------|
| Mon. Aug. 16, | SIBBALD | 8 p.m. |
| Tues. " 17, | ESTHER | 2 p.m. |
| Mon. " 23, | ACADIA VALLEY | 2 p.m. |
| Mon. " 23, | OYEN | 8 p.m. |
| Tues. " 24, | SPRINGBURN | 8 p.m. |

Electors at points adjacent to above meeting places are respectfully requested to attend and hear the truth at this political situation at first hand from the Acadia representative.

R. Cates, Oyen, President

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY—SATURDAY, AUGUST 13 and 14

"A TRIP TO CHINATOWN"

An evening of chuckles, laughs and roars,
with MARGARET LIVINGSTON and EARLE FOX

**MONDAY-TUESDAY SHOWS
DISCONTINUED**
(Until further notice)

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, AUGUST 20-21

"OVER THE HILL"

A special picture to be shown at regular prices.

Regular Prices: Adults (tax incl.) H.S. 25c, Children 10c, tax excl.
Shows start at 8:30 p.m. unless otherwise advertised.

Twelfth Annual Summer Fair

List of Prize Winners
(Continued from last week)

Class 25—Grains and Grasses
1. Wheat Marquis, 1st Geo. H. Mehl, 2nd Mrs. Roy Sanders.
2. Wheat Red Fife, 1st M. McQuarrie, 2nd John Othen.
3. Wheat any other variety, W. J. Ada, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.
4. Oats Banner, 2nd F. S. McNece.
5. Oats any other variety, 1st Gus Schmitt, 2nd Mrs. W. M. Sanders.
6. Barley six-row, 1st Mrs. E. Bray.
7. Barley any other variety, 1st John Othen, 2nd R. A. Cornell.
8. Spring Rye, Mrs. John Broadwin, 2nd E. H. Church.
9. Flax, 1st John Othen.
10. Sunflowers, 1st Mrs. E. Bray.
11. Fodder Corn, 1st Mrs. E. Bray, 2nd John Ozust.
12. Broom Grass, 1st Harvey Johnston, 2nd Geo. H. Mehl.
13. Alfalfa, 1st Gus Schmitt.
14. Timothy, 1st Mrs. E. Bray, 2nd John Othen.
15. Sweet Clover, 1st Harvey Johnston, 2nd Mrs. J. R. Anderson.
16. Millet, 1st Mrs. E. Bray.
17. Fall Rye, 1st John Othen, 2nd R. A. Cornell.
18. Best Collection Grains and Grasses, 1st Mrs. W. M. Sanders, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.
19. Special donated by the Beaver Lumber Co., Ltd. for best collection of seed grain, grasses and fodder corn or sundry others, 1st Gus Schmitt, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.

Class 26—Roots and Vegetables
1. Beets, 1st Mrs. C. W. Halstead, 2nd Mrs. Harvey Johnston.
2. Carrots, 1st R. A. Cornell.
3. Turnips, 1st Mrs. C. W. Halstead, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.
4. Cabbage, 1st Mrs. Gus Schmitt.
5. Cauliflower, 1st Mrs. C. Godfrey.
6. Onions, 1st Mrs. E. Bray, 2nd Mrs. A. Lockart.
7. Onions, Dutch Sets, 1st Mrs. John Broadwin.
8. Parsley, 1st R. A. Cornell.
9. Parsnips, 1st Mrs. C. W. Halstead.
10. Rhubarb, 1st Mrs. Neil Leitch, 2nd Mrs. C. W. Halstead.
11. Tomatoes, Mrs. C. Godfrey.
12. Celery, 1st Mrs. C. Godfrey, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.
13. Broad Beans, 1st Mrs. C. Godfrey, 2nd Mrs. Gus Schmitt.
14. Peas, prod. 1st Mrs. Gus Schmitt, 2nd Mrs. John Ozust.
15. Mangles, 1st Mrs. E. Bray.
16. Sugar Beets, 1st Mrs. C. Ostrander.
17. Carrots, 1st R. A. Cornell.
18. Mrs. C. W. Halstead.
19. Radish, any variety, 1st Mrs. C. W. Halstead, 2nd Mrs. C. Godfrey.
20. Lettuce, 1st Mrs. D. P. Chalmers, 2nd R. A. Cornell.
21. Green Beans, prod. 1st R. A. Cornell, 2nd Mrs. A. Lockart.
22. Vegetable Marrow, 1st Mrs. C. Godfrey.
23. Collection of Vegetables, 1st Mrs. C. W. Halstead, 2nd Robt. Marsden.

Class 27—Dairy Produce

1. Butter, fancy shapes, 1st Mrs. E. H. Church.
2. Butter, roll or print, 1st Mrs. E. H. Church, 2nd Mrs. J. Broadwin.

U.F.A. CANDIDATE



ROBERT GARDINER

3. Butter, crock, 1st Mrs. H. J. Ball, 2nd Mrs. Roy Sanders.
4. Eggs, white, 1st Mrs. W. A. Bishop, 2nd Mrs. H. J. Ball.
5. Eggs, brown, 1st Mrs. Roy Sanders, 2nd Mrs. C. Ostrander.
6. Cheese, 1st Mrs. A. Armstrong, 2nd Mrs. John Ozust.

Class 28—Domestic Products
1. Ham, unsmoked, 1st Mrs. W. A. Bishop.
2. Ham, smoked, 1st D. Warwick, 2nd Mrs. Thos. Lees.
3. Bacon, smoked, 1st D. Warwick.
4. Lard, 1st Mrs. C. Ostrander, 2nd Mrs. A. Armstrong.
5. Soap, 1st Mrs. A. Armstrong, 2nd Mrs. Neil Leitch.

Class 29—Canned Fruits and Vegetables
1. Collection, canned Vegetables, 1st Mrs. Harvey Johnston.
2. Collection of Pickles, 1st Mrs. W. C. Halstead.

3. Collection of canned Fruit, 1st Mrs. Harvey Johnston, 2nd Mrs. W. A. Bishop.

4. Canned Beef, 1st Mrs. Harvey Johnston, 2nd Mrs. E. H. Church.
5. Canned Chicken, 1st Mrs. Harvey Johnston.

Class 30—Native-Grown Fresh Fruit

1. Black Currants, 1st Mrs. Thos. Lees, 2nd Mrs. C. Godfrey.
2. Red Currants, 1st Mrs. C. Godfrey, 2nd Mrs. E. Bray.
3. Raspberries, 1st Mrs. E. Bray, 2nd Mrs. Thos. Lees.

4. Gooseberries, 1st Mrs. E. Bray, 2nd Mrs. C. Godfrey.
5. Collection, 1st Mrs. E. Bray.
(To be concluded next week)

At a meeting of the Executive of the Acadia Federal Constituency Liberal Association held in Hanna, last Wednesday, the following resolution was passed.

"The Liberal Association of the Federal Constituency of Acadia, in session at Hanna on August 4, decided that it would not be advisable to call a convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate in the forthcoming Dominion election. They also passed a resolution endorsing the policy of the Rt. Hon. W. L. MacKenzie King and his colleagues in attempting to give the country and especially western Canada such beneficial legislation, and greatly regret that much of it was lost through no fault of theirs by the sudden termination of the session. We also wish to affirm our appreciation of the Robt. Gardiner, and the National economy which permitted so great a reduction in our taxes and living expenses as well as appreciably reducing the National Debt."

Signed W. J. Winning, President.

SPECIAL

35 Summer Dresses ranging in price up to \$5.50 on Special Sale for 10 Days at exactly half price—Two dresses for price of one.

An assortment of 20 Summer Dress lengths up to \$6.50 values

Special for ten days at half price. Ladies it will pay you to see these bargains.

Bartlett Pears

Special for limited quantity to arrive Saturday
Bartlett Preserving Pears, per case \$3.65
First come, first served—Place your order now.

White sugar per cwt. \$7.65

See us for Harvest Groceries
We handle the best grades

S. A. MILLER

Rotary Rod Weeder

This implement may be inspected on our premises. Hear what satisfied purchasers say of it—the best recommendation comes from those who use it and are getting real results.

Binder Twine is Here

CHARLES P. SNYDER

I.H.C. MACHINERY AND FORD DEALER

COMPLETE STOCK OF GROCERIES

See us for Quantity Prices.

All Summer Goods at a Discount

Good Work Boots
at \$3.50 a pair

Here at the end of this week
PEARS, CRAB APPLES, TOMATOES
etc. etc.

J. J. Purcell
General Merchant

Subscribe to your Home Paper

LAPOINTE AND BUREAU GIVEN A CLEAN SLATE

Quebec—Hon. Ernest Lapointe, former minister of justice, and Hon. Jacques Bureau, former minister of customs, were decided innocent of any charges of their having taken part in a "joy ride" on board the customs steamer Margat, at a special inquiry opened here before Sir Francis Lemieux. R. L. Calder, government counsel, and W. P. O'Connor, associated with him, and also Inspector Walter Duncan, who probed Montreal customs conditions for the late government, gave the exoneration. There only remains to be produced the log book of the Margat which will clear up the misunderstanding on the part of Sir Calder. It is in Ottawa. An interim report will thereafter be made by Sir Francis.

"After having examined all documents and after Mr. Duncan, Mr. O'Connor and myself have taken note of all relevant evidence and the crew of the Margat have been examined, I wish to declare publicly and categorically that no incident occurred aboard the Margat which would be reproached against the persons named, whether Mr. Lapointe, Mr. Bureau or any of their companions." This was Mr. Calder's summing up. Mr. O'Connor and Inspector Duncan added their substantiation.

Mr. Calder announced that the inquiry as to the general movements of the Margat was not yet completed. The commission therefore would be asked at present to confine itself absolutely to terminating the incident which concerned with the "unfortunate words of Mr. Doucet."

Postpone Conference On Child Welfare

Date Scheduled Can in Week Of Federal Election

Ottawa—The sixth annual Canadian conference on child welfare, which was scheduled for Vancouver, B.C., September 12, 13, 14 and 15, has been postponed on decision of the executive members and the British Columbia committee on arrangements. It was not desired to hold the sessions during the week of the federal election, and efforts were made to postpone the following week had to be abandoned when it was found impossible to transfer some of the most important speakers, including Sir Henry Gault, of London, England, to a later date.

The conference has therefore been indefinitely postponed, but the council secretary, Miss Mabel Macdonald, of Ottawa, will leave for the west early in October to arrange for the holding of the sessions on a later date. The annual meeting of the child welfare council will be held in Ottawa during October.

Meighen Denies Liberals

Says Mr. King Trying to Hide the Welter of Wickedness

North Bay, Ont.—Standing at the "portal of the great north"—as he himself put it—Premier Meighen declared his readiness to co-operate with the Ontario Government in a practical plan to "get something done" in the development of Northern Ontario water power.

Mr. Meighen had a trenchant phrase for the accomplishment of the King administration. Liberals were waving flags and shouting halloos "over reducing taxes, while the sale tax was twofold higher than when they took office. They want to get your blessing," he said, "for raising taxes on the masses of the people and reducing them on the rich."

"He described Mr. Mackenzie King as struggling desperately for some issue other than the customs reform. 'There's no effort he won't make,' Mr. Meighen exclaimed, 'to hide the welter of wickedness.'"

To Use No Force

Mexico City—The Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Church will not approve of armed uprising, but the church will "go to Calvary" if necessary, in the present situation, he said in Mexico. Mgr. Pascual Diaz, bishop of Tabasco and secretary of the National Episcopate, told the Associated Press.

Would Deport Miss Gibson

Rome—Aristocrats who have excommunicated the pope, have attempted to assassinate Premier Mussolini of Italy several months ago, have recommended that he be placed in an asylum. They may seek that he be handed over to the British authorities for deportation.

W. N. U. 1641

Russia Has Keen Competition

Will Have Some Trouble Exporting Grain This Year

Moscow—Despite the prospect of an excellent harvest, says R. S. Brown, managing director of Russia's largest state grain export corporation, the country will experience great difficulty in exporting grain this year because of the rivalry with the United States which, he adds, is already exporting its surplus.

Besides this, he continued, Rumania and Bulgaria had very good crops, a large part of which would be exported. Moreover, Poland, owing to lack of foreign currency, would be compelled to export rice in large quantities at low prices, thus competing with Russia.

Importing countries like Italy and France, he explained, would be obliged because of their financial position to restrict their purchases sharply.

Another Gold Find In Ontario

Among Most Important in Recent Years

Toronto—A spectacular discovery in the vicinity of Narrows Lake, some 35 miles northeast of Red Lake, in the district of Parryell, is reported by Jack Lindsay, who has just come out from that district showing named, whether Mr. Lapointe, Mr. Bureau or any of their companions." This was Mr. Calder's summing up. Mr. O'Connor and Inspector Duncan added their substantiation.

Mr. Lindsay is at present in Toronto.

The discovery was staked by Tom Yeadon, a strong arm of 35 years of age. The news of the discovery has been followed by a rush of men from Toronto and Red Lake during the last few days.

A further step in clearing up the Northern Railway situation has been taken, it is announced by the government, by giving notice to the Canadian Pacific Railway of the government's intention to terminate the existing agreement under which C.P.R. is operating the freight and passenger services on both lines.

This has been done in a letter from Premier Brownlee to President E. W. Beatty, which was the subject of discussion between the Premier and C. E. Coleman, vice-president of the C.P.R., a few days ago.

Premier Brownlee also has declined the last offer of the C.P.R., which proposed a renewal of the agreement of somewhat different terms. No new offer has yet been received, and it is not known at the government offices whether or not another will come from the C.P.R.

But Royal Commission Would Not Put Gold in Circulation

London—The royal commission appointed last year to examine Indian currency and exchange has issued a report advocating a free gold standard by taking the existing currency with gold in a completely visible manner, but without putting gold into circulation. It is claimed by the commission that its proposals open the door for the introduction of gold currency some time in the future, but it foresees that when the time comes Canada may no longer wish for a gold currency.

To Contest North York

Newmarket, Ont.—Harry Sifton, of Toronto, son of Sir Clifford Sifton, was chosen by North York Liberals to contest the riding at the coming federal elections. Col. A. R. Kirkpatrick and Captain Aubrey Davis were also nominated, but withdrew. North York is the constituency in which former Premier W. L. Mackenzie King was defeated by Col. T. Herbert Lorrain in the 1925 general election.

Delegates Pass Through Canada

London—British delegates to the meeting of the Empire Parliamentary Association in Australia sailed on the Empress of Scotland on August 7, and therefore passed through Canada.

For the first time since the gathering have been invited four delegates of the Irish Free State are included.

First Carload Of Wheat

Winnipeg—The first carload of wheat from the 1926 crop was loaded by the Canadian Pacific Railway company at Rosedale, Manitoba. The wheat is a typical Manitoba prairie product and will be moved to Winnipeg for the Ogilvie Milling Company.

Given Ovation In Rome

Rome—General Umberto Nobile, captain of the Amadeo-Elizabetta dirigible Norge on her flight over the North Pole, arrived in Rome on August 10, receiving a great ovation by the populace and warm praise by Premier Mussolini.

King Speaks At Prince Albert

Addresses Large Gathering of Electors In His Own Constituency

Prince Albert—Before an audience of 2,000 citizens of Prince Albert and district, R. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Liberal chief of Canada and representative in parliament of this constituency, in an address here raised his audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm by stating that the story broadcasted by A. J. Doucet, Conservative member for Kent County, that Mr. Lapointe and other members of the King Government had been on a "joy ride" in the steamer Margat, had been proven to be without trace of truth. "The Conservative charge," he said, "is a complete fabrication. It is not a shred of truth in it." Said Mr. King, "Mr. Meighen was asked by Mr. Lapointe to say if as Mr. Lapointe gave his word of honor there was no truth in it. You would have thought any man who had a sense of decency would accept the word of a member of parliament. Did Mr. Meighen do so? He did not. He is not capable of accepting the word of honor of a gentleman."

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SITUATION IN MEXICO WATCHED WITH INTEREST

Mexico City—The movement among Roman Catholics to exert the pressure of an economic boycott against the attitude of the Mexican Government in enforcement of the new religious regulations is being watched with keen interest in Mexico.

Business circles are plainly worried over the consequences of an economic boycott or even a slowing down in purchases by the public under the plan of the League for the Defence of Religious Liberty. Although there have been no serious outward evidences of an economic boycott in Mexico City, reports from elsewhere in the republic state that the volume of business has been slowed down in some places.

Meanwhile both the government, with its supporters in its present stand in religious laws, and the Roman Catholic Episcopate, as well as Catholic leaders, are both standing firm in their respective policy.

The government's adherents maintain that President Calles is only enforcing the laws of the country, which the Catholic authorities have recently announced they intend to "disobey."

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Overseas League Gives Dinner To Willingdon

Canada's New Governor-General Assured of Hearty Welcome

London—Viscount Willingdon, who will succeed Lord Brought as Governor-General of Canada in the fall, and Lady Willingdon, were guests of honor at a dinner given by the Overseas League at the Hotel Cecil. The dinner was attended by 250 delegates, chiefly women of Canadian universities now visiting England.

The chairman, Sir Campbell Stuart, Canadian-born director of The Times Publishing Company, assured Lord Willingdon his Canadian days would never be dull and that he would return to England at the end of his term, like all his predecessors, a good Canadian. Sir Campbell told the Canadian women present they were fortunate in their Governor-General's wife. The women of Canada, he said, offered Lord and Lady Willingdon a true Canadian welcome to their Canadian home.

Viscount Willingdon thanked the Canadian visitors for their kindly greetings and said he hoped they would find in Canada a friendly country. The Mother Country was very much alive and a worthy mother to her daughters growing to be great nations.

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The Vast And Varied Agricultural Possibilities Offered To The Settler In Canada

Canadian settlers are drawn from nearly every country in the world, and so vast and varied are the agricultural possibilities in Canada with respect to soils and climate that they should have little trouble in finding employment and a variety of occupations to suit their particular taste or education.

The accompanying map will give some idea of the extent and distribution of "Canada's" fruit, ranching, dairying, wheat and mixed farming lands as they are to be found today.

The gardener can grow apples, peaches, pears and small fruit in the Niagara district of Ontario, or apples and small fruit in the Annapolis basin of Nova Scotia, and a variety of fruit in the Okanagan, Kootenay or New

Western Canada finally captured the faith of the land-seeker, when the details respecting its climate and fertility were definitely revealed, and population and railways advanced more rapidly than they had ever before invaded a new country. In the period 1901-1921 the territory embraced by the present provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan increased eight-fold in population, and the occupied farm lands spread over some 85,000,000 acres.

But it is not to fruit, ranching, dairy or even wheat farming that the settler and farmer are now turning their attention, but to mixed farming. This is becoming more and more noticeable as the years go by and the country

Modern Ideas In Old Book

Early Work on Kindness to Animals Is Being Reprinted

A treatise entitled, "The Rights of Animals," prepared by Herman Taggart in 1791 as a thesis in taking the master's degree at Providence College, now Brown University, has just been reprinted by the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

It was printed at Sag Harbor, Long Island, in 1792, and is said to be the first American work on humanitarianism ever published. Copies are so rare that it has remained almost unknown except to a few collectors. An ethical treatise, the work is considered of such excellence that it has been reprinted for free distribution. According to the introduction by Edgar W. Huffet, in the hope that the sympathies aroused by it may not be "limited to the readers' own pet animals," but may awaken humane efforts for the entire race, the abolition of the steel trap.

Who's Who In Wheat

J. C. Mitchell, of Dalhousie, Saskatchewan, Will Try Again For Premier Honors in Wheat

Based on a press report stating that J. C. Mitchell, of Dalhousie, Saskatchewan, intended to try to win back the wheat crown at the International Show at Chicago, the New York Sun recently published the following editorial under the heading, "Who's Who in Wheat."

Montana supplied to the world its champion wheat grower last year, when L. P. Yates, of Flathead in that state, produced the title of the Junior National Grain, Hay and Stock Show in the autumn in Chicago, but Canada was not intended to let the honor slip north of the international boundary. If its farmers can drag it north. The Dominion now announces that J. C. Mitchell, of Dalhousie, Saskatchewan, who has already been one of the walk three times, will be a contestant this fall. Mr. Mitchell was not in the contest in 1922, but he will be on the shore of Lake Michigan this year.

This international competition was begun fifteen years ago, and Canada has taken the blue ribbon thirteen times. Stenger Wheeler of Rosheim, Saskatchewan, succeeded in holding the place five times. Nobody else touches Mr. Wheeler's record in this achievement.

Canada's hope this year has a typical pioneer history. He came to America in 1904 from Manchester, England. He did not have any capital. He took up a quarter-section of land forty miles from the railway and went to work. Now he farms 800 acres and is adding the Canadian department of agriculture to register a new potato he has developed which appears to be all that a good can aspire to. A railroad crossed the Mitchell farm and the homestead is a show place.

Mr. Mitchell has spent very little time cultivating other persons that there is not chance for a man today. He went out and made his chance. And he did not make it by leaving during the winter seasons either.

Butter Awards At Regina

Inter-Provincial Blue Ribbon Competition At Regina

The inter-provincial blue ribbon in creamery butter awards at the Regina exhibition was won by the Creamery Company, of Brandon, Man., after this company had secured first place in the Manitoba section for the provincial competition, with Belmont Creamery in second place.

For the Manitoba section, the Manitoba companies were in competition with Central Creamery, Calgary, who took the first prize, and Edmonton Pure Butter Company, second prize in the Alberta section, and in the Saskatchewan section, the Dominion branch of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries was first and the Regina branch of the same company, second.

C.N.R. Official Made Indian Chief W. A. Klondike, general manager of western lines, Canadian National Railways, during the Saskatoon exhibition was made chief of two Indian tribes. Chief W. A. Klondike, an Indian refugee from the United States at the time of the Custer massacre, and Chief Charles Eagle Crow, of Saskatchewan, performed the ceremony.

Doukhobors Would Go To Alberta

Question of Entrance Now Being Considered by Alberta Government

Whether or not Alberta wants more Doukhobor settlers is a question now being considered by the provincial government. The matter came up through the recent request of the Doukhobor Colonization Society for information as to the possibility of settlement in the Peace River territory and the likely attitude of the Alberta government to the Doukhobor project. As announced at the time, there are said to be 5,000 of these people in Russia who are desirous of migrating to Western Canada.

The premier said careful investigation will be necessary.

Watkins—"I think Jackson must have been educated in Russia."

Watson—"What manner you think so?"

Watkins—"It's always talking about his little red schoolhouse."

Flapper—"Should I marry a man who lies to me?"

Fortune Teller—"Lady, do you want to be an old maid?"

Derby Winners Strain for Canada

Twenty-five thoroughbreds coming today for some five years past on his ranch near Winnipeg. The horses in Ireland were selected from the Canadian Pacific line. Mesagans in Montreal recently for dispatch to the Mullens breeding and training ranch near Winnipeg, where they were sent by freight train. Several of them were finely bred animals, counting winners of the English Derby and Grand National in their stables.

Interviewed at the wharf, M. Mullens, owner and shipper of the horses, said they had been collected all over England and Ireland, bought together at Dublin and thence sent to Southampton for shipment to Canada by the Mesagans. They had, he said, come through the voyage in first-class condition and after a few weeks' training and acclimating, would be ready in some cases to race.

Laughter is the sound a man hears when his hat blows off.

Dominion Land System Of Survey Has Proven To Be The Most Desirable In Every Way

The Cultivation Of Corn

Intensive Cultivation Seems Necessary To Assure Success

The following bulletin was prepared by Mr. C. D. Matthews, seed specialist of the Dominion experimental farm, Indian Head, at the request of the Saskatchewan Corn Growers' Association, with a view to especially assisting the beginner in order that he may secure the best possible results in maturing his corn crop.

The corn is doing well. We must keep it that way. This depends upon the grower. The grain crop is now depending on the weather. The corn crop demands cultivation.

Some of the common reasons for cultivating corn are to:

- Destroy weeds;
- Control moisture;
- Mix the soil constituents;
- Improve the physical condition of the soil;
- Germinate dormant weed seeds;
- Give the plants a loose soil in which the roots will grow better;
- Control organic matter;
- Control soil temperature.

The type of cultivator to be used will depend on the type available, but it must do the job well. The first cultivation which is done soon after the plants have emerged should be deep three-quarter inch to the plants. Subsequent cultivations should be shallower and not close to the plants. Four or five inches deep for the first cultivation and two to three for the others is a fair gauge. At least four cultivations are required. The best result is obtained by the use of the moldboard.

If you have a variety which matures in your area, you will be anxious to secure seed. In this case the number of plants per hill to three or, if in rows, thin the plants to a foot apart when young. A small area raised in this way will bring striking results. If you are feeding sheep a corn silage stand is better.

Cultivate your corn crop as often as you can before it gets too high to work in properly. Remember the biggest object in cultivating corn is to kill weeds.

Record Gold Output

Gold and Platinum Produced in Canada in Increasing Quantities

A record quantity of gold is being produced in Canada. Figures recently issued by the Canadian Government bureau of statistics show that in 1922 the gold output was valued at \$25,859,526. This was an increase of 210,252 fine ounces over the 1921 production.

In 1922 Canada produced a total of 3,698 fine ounces of platinum worth \$125,292. Of other metals in the group, palladium, gold, rhodium, and the Dominion's output that year was 5,238 fine ounces valued at \$464,569.

The gold was mined in Ontario, which province produced 1,461,625 fine ounces. British Columbia was second with 219,227 ounces; the Yukon, 12,417 ounces; Manitoba, 1,421 ounces; and Nova Scotia and Quebec, 1,609 ounces apiece.

Of the platinum, 3,692 ounces were derived from Canadian ore treated in British and United States refineries. Practically all of this came from copper-nickel ore in the Sudbury district.

Many Visited Livestock Train

Total Attendance Through Saskatchewan Was Over Eight Thousand

After a three weeks tour through Saskatchewan, the livestock train fitted out by the department of agriculture returned to Regina. There was a total attendance at the various points visited of over 8,000 visitors. Of the animals displayed, the Shorthorn breed was most numerous, 25 Shorthorns being sent, together with four Polled Angus, four Red Polls, three Ayrshires, two Holsteins and one Hereford.

The sales completely cleared out the stock of purebred sire in the department of agriculture, with the exception of the Shorthorn bull, which was the major championship at the Regina spring show, and two Holsteins.

Twelve scrub bulls were sent by the livestock men in exchange for purchased stock.

Southern Alberta Sugar Beets There are seven thousand acres cropped to sugar beets in Southern Alberta this year, a thousand acres more than last year. Early prospects are for a good crop.

"How did you catch such a awful cold?" "I changed from horse-drawn clothes to knicker suits."

Nowadays one hears of community settlements and the advantages of grouping settlers in such a way that they will get the best out of the amenities of modern civilization. But to carry the idea to its extreme on the farm, the farmer would have to have his community has already brought forth objections on account of the difficulty of working land laid out in triangular shape or any other form departing from the square or rectangle. Even the rectangle is sometimes considered objectionable if the length greatly exceeds the breadth as the distance the farmer would have to travel to get to his work at the rear end of the farm would then be too great.

To trace the rectangular farm to its beginning carries us back to the days of the ancient Romans. It is recorded that the System of division of lands by meridians and parallels was handed on to the Romans by the Egyptians, who were the first to really practice agriculture in Italy. The division of land by these two lines had a religious and mythical foundation. The unit of square measure was the "jugum," which was approximately five-eighths of an English acre. In subdividing the lands of the empire, squares of 200 "jugers" were often used. Each of these was called a "centuria" and was 2,500 feet square, or a little more than three-quarters of a mile square. Sub-section farm units of Western Canada, they were further divided into four equal holdings, which ranged from two to ten jugers or larger.

The rectangular system of survey based on meridians and parallels, with sections one mile square, and six-mile square townships numbered in ranges, was first instituted in America in 1785 by act of the United States Congress, providing for surveys of the public lands. The first surveys were in Ohio, where a principal meridian was established and at right angles thereto a base line from which the outlines of townships were projected. As the survey was extended, principal meridians and base lines were laid out in each state until at present there are over 30 meridians and almost as many base lines.

There has been a great deal of speculation as to who introduced this system of surveying in America. It was Colonel Bouquet, who in 1764 was awarded General Grant for report on a system of subdividing land for settlement in the vicinity of Fort Pitt. Thomas Hutchins was the surveyor who assisted General Bouquet, and was the first to actually apply the system when in 1785 he was designated as the public lands in the state of Ohio. If Colonel Bouquet originated the rectangular system in America, then it can be said that the idea came directly from Italy, for although born in Switzerland, this officer served under the King of Naples in Italy before coming to this country.

No doubt one of the fundamental reasons for the adoption of the rectangular system in America was on account of the simplicity it offered in the description and registration of land. Within townships and ranges meridians and base lines are a definite geographic position is allotted to each township whether it is surveyed today or in the future. The township is together with a few fractional parcels.

The rectangular system of survey by sections, townships and ranges, based on astronomical north-south and east-west lines was selected for the subdivision of Western Canada. This Dominion land system of survey has proved to be most economical for the purposes and is the most complete and uniform system of survey in the world. Under it about two hundred million acres of land have already been surveyed by the Dominion Survey, Department of the Interior. Plans of more than 7,000 townships have been prepared—25 townships being accepted in all courts as adequate descriptions of land—Moore Jay Times.

Cat Walks 65 Miles to Old Home A 65-mile trip meant home to Tommy, a pet cat owned by a Toronto man, who had been moved from Danville to Lewiston, Pa., several weeks ago. A few days after the move, Mrs. Robert P. Birkel, the owner, and her husband, who had been in Danville, found the cat had returned to the former home and was being cared for by the neighbors awaiting his master's arrival.

Muskegon in Good Company Jan Torpor, famous Irish palator, is banished with a study of which the countryman in St. Paul, Minn., is famous, and his work will "include the three figures who dominate the present time. St. Paul, St. Theresa and Muskegon."



MAP OF CANADA SHOWING AGRICULTURAL POSSIBILITIES

Westminster districts of the sunnier province of British Columbia. The development of commercial iron trees is a recent and successful development in Southern Ontario and British Columbia.

In the north of Alberta, in some of the British Columbia valleys and in Southern Saskatchewan there can be obtained some of the finest ranching districts to be found in the world. When His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales decided on ranching as a hobby in the Canadian West, he made his headquarters in the British Columbia district.

The fully equipped two can find his flock in the central parts of Nova Scotia, and in the grazing districts of Southern Saskatchewan and Southern and Southwestern Alberta, as well as in the central highlands of British Columbia. Nearly every variety of sheep can be, and is being, raised on the prairies in Saskatchewan and Alberta, from the Karakul (Persian) sheep down to the lowland breeds of Lincoln, Oxford, Cotswold, Shropshire, Lutescent and Hampshire, to the finer wooled breeds, Southdown and Merino. A small number in the Canadian West, Suffolk and Cheviots are also found throughout Canada, but their numbers are not increasing very materially.

The stronghold of the dairy farm has been Southern Ontario and Southern Quebec and rightly so, as these districts are suited to intensive farming and are near large markets and also shipping points, where butter and cheese can be disposed of at remunerative prices. The prairie provinces are also making rapid strides in the production of butter, and their progress during the past few years has been nothing short of phenomenal. At a dairy show held in London, England, recently, an Edmonton dairy won the first prize in the salted butter class, and the second prize went to the Shool Lake (Ontario) Creamery. In the unsalted class a Regina creamery won the premier award.

The fruit and dairy farms have, however, been rarely eclipsed by the fame of the western wheat fields. Perhaps no other natural product, whether of agriculture, forest, mineral or otherwise, has exercised such vitalizing influence upon the economic life of Canada in recent years. Wheat has been the most potent factor in attracting population and capital to the Dominion, in bringing virgin areas under cultivation, in widening the market for domestic manufacturing, mining and other industries, in building up the volume and value of export trade, and in creating the financial Canada's heavy imports of textiles, iron and steel, sugar, coal and other essentials which, for various reasons, are drawn wholly or largely from abroad. The statistics of yearly crops are but a faint picture of the manner in which wheat has impelled the material progress of Canada. When

Saskatchewan Seed Growers

J. F. Warren, Bellevue, Elected President At Annual Meeting

George Slinger, former member of Maple Creek, and first president of the Saskatchewan Registered Seed Growers' Association, closed the annual meeting of the association, which was held at the latter when the seed growers held their annual meeting. W. J. F. Warren, Bellevue, Sask., past vice-president, was elected president. Mr. H. T. Tullis, Saskatchewan field crops commissioner, was re-elected secretary and general manager, and W. J. Manley was elected treasurer.

Members of the pool stated at the close of the meeting that a fine feeling of co-operation had prevailed throughout the gathering and that they believed the success of the pool was assured.

Bees Like Sweet Clover

No Nectar Is Wasted From This Valuable Pasture

There is no doubt regarding the value of sweet clover as a bee pasture. When visiting a crop of sweet clover at Widdowson Farm the field was literally covered with millions of honey bees, and they stayed with the clover until the last of the season went into the silo. The bees seemed to be doing their best to prevent the destruction of a very valuable asset. J. F. Warren, Bellevue.

Reducing Weight

One of the grave mistakes common to overweight persons is to decide suddenly that their superfluous flesh must be removed quickly. Reduction in weight should proceed slowly. It is impossible to maintain health on a drastic reducing program. One can expect to take off in two months what it has taken years to put on and survive the experience in perfect health.—Liberty.

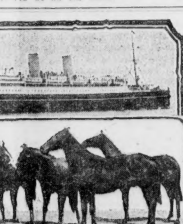
Saskatchewan Harvesters

Saskatchewan's grain harvesters for the 1922 crop will number 25,000, it was announced by G. J. Tomsett, general superintendent of the clearing houses, provincial government employment service.

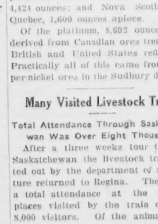
Laughter is the sound a man hears when his hat blows off.



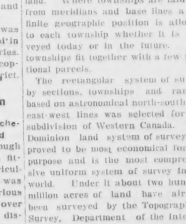
Derby Winners Strain for Canada



Derby Winners Strain for Canada



Derby Winners Strain for Canada



Derby Winners Strain for Canada

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

William Edwin Atkinson, A.R.C.A., the distinguished Canadian landscape painter, died recently in Toronto.

Canada's wheat crop for 1926 is estimated at 348,626,000 bushels. Last year it was 311,716,000 bushels.

One thousand and fifty-eight letters entered Winnipeg recently on three trains. They came from the Old Country and the continent.

Commandant Franco announced that he will undertake his previous plan and world flight next year, leaving Spain in April, accompanied by his wife and by Michael Rada.

Seven hundred persons died in New York city from polio fluore last year, said J. W. Quinn, chief chemist of the bureau of internal revenue, in a warning against drinking bootleg whiskey.

Testimony at the trial of fifty men accused of treason in Ankara has revealed that Turkey was forced into the world war by Enver Pasha, despite the wishes of a majority of the cabinet which stood against this step.

John Henry Meares, whose record for entering the globe was broken by Linton Vella and John S. Evans, will make another attempt to lower the record, according to reports. Meares leaves New York soon on his new attempt.

A statement made public by the department of immigration and colonization shows that during the first five months of the calendar year 1926, compared with the same period a year ago.

Sherrif Colin Inkster, celebrated his 52nd birthday recently in Winnipeg, and received congratulations from all parts of Canada. "I think I should live to 100," he said. He has been sheriff more than 30 years and is the only surviving member of the legislative council of Manitoba.

Three passengers were killed when the basket dropped from a captive balloon at Kempton, near Bedford, Eng. The accident was caused by the basket breaking loose from its netting, releasing the basket. Of the four passengers, only one escaped with his life.

Mr. Hon. John X. Mervin, M.P., one of South Africa's leading statesmen, died Aug. 3 at Johannesburg. He was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1841, and went to South Africa in 1849. He was premier and treasurer of the South African Government in 1908-10.

States Are United
Against Russian Reds

British have Completed Ring From Egypt to China

Following a conference of the chiefs of the secret services of all the British dominions, just concluded in London, the British colonial and India offices feel assured that with the exception of Turkey and Hindustan the whole southern part of Russia is encircled by a series of states determined to oppose attempts to spread red propaganda.

These states, it is announced, are united in a continuous, unbroken offensive from Egypt to India and China. It is further announced that Sir Charles Tregear, Calcutta police chief, has been appointed to head the propaganda section of Scotland Yard for the next five years.

In Egypt, the governor of Sudan, who is most friendly with the extremists, will have to face with strong opposition and England now is prepared to withstand red propaganda there. In India, Salhan the Sand has turned down offers from his northern neighbors. Menopontia is unwilling to tolerate any interference from the propagandists.

To Wipe Out Debt
Belgium Surrenders State Railways to Private Owners

Surrendering her state railways to private ownership in an effort to wipe out the national financial debt, Belgium in peace as in war, is assuming the lead for sacrifices among the countries of continental Europe whose finances are in a precarious condition.

The holders of treasury bonds have been ordered by King Albert in the position as a result of the exchange them for preferred bonds of the National Railroad Company, which has taken over the state railways.

No Hurry
Negro called at hospital, "I came to see how you feel, first. Joe Brown was getting sick."

Nurse—"Why he's getting along fine. He's convalescing now."

Negro—"Well, I'll be all down and wait till he's through."

W. N. E. 1641

Canadian Show in New York

Canadian Mayors Invited to Visit N.Y. During Canadian Week

Following a meeting of the executive and general committee of the Canadian Exposition, held at the Hotel McAlpin headquarters in New York, Henry E. Coleman, executive chairman, announced that the plan had been made to bring the mayors of virtually every Canadian city to New York on a special train, for the exposition opening in January, 1927. Other detailed plans of the exposition, which will be housed in the Madison Square Garden, will be given in the Opera House beginning Jan. 14, were made known also following the meeting.

Arthur L. Lee, managing director of the McAlpin, who attended the meeting, stated that several floors of the hotel would be set aside to entertain the Canadian officials, and that a considerable part of the hotel would be given over to guests here for the big show. He will have special decorations with the Maple Leaf of Canada, predominating, and special entertainments have been arranged, one each in honor of every province of the Dominion.

Among the mayors expected to come here are: The Honorable Thomas Meagher of Toronto; M. Martin of Montreal, and the chief executives of Quebec, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Ottawa, and other principal cities. It is planned to have the special train meet by a delegation of city and state officials, and Mayor Walker will welcome the visitors. A special committee was sent to Chicago last week, by the exposition officials, and are now engaged in arranging various details for the Canadian contingent.

Already the search of "Miss Canada" has begun north of the Dominion line, and the young woman selected as the fairest in the Dominion will be selected in New York by the "Miss America," who will be selected at the annual contest in Atlantic City.

Every form of Canadian activity will be displayed and will be represented by exhibits at the show.

Autumn Tournament At Jasper

Golf Week Organized For Sept. 11 to 18 at Canadian Largest National Playground

Announcement is made of the 1st annual autumn tournament, on the Jasper Park Lodge Golf Links from Sept. 11 to 18 inclusive. Invitations are being extended by the committee in charge to all golf clubs on the continent. The tournament is to date, with information that it will be a really international competition. It is understood that the trophies and prizes will be of such value that they will be highly prized by the winners.

In making entries, golfers are requested to give full name, club membership and address, and to send their entry as early as possible by post or by mail. Mr. W. J. Brown, assistant secretary of tournament committee, Jasper Park Lodge, Jasper, Alberta.

Other sports available at Jasper during the week will include tennis, swimming, riding, hiking, mountain climbing and motorizing, while arrangements can be made for fishing and hunting trips from the lodge to districts outside the park.

Making Yokohama Beautiful

Reconstruction After Great Earthquake Is Being Rapidly Completed

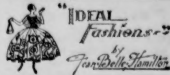
"Yokohama, Japan, will be a new city when the work of reconstruction after the great earthquake is completed," said Mr. Marshall Martin, a resident of that city who is in Canada enroute to Montreal through to England. He will return to Japan this autumn. "The work of reconstruction is being done by the Japanese government," said Mr. Martin, "and the work of surveying and planning is finished. Wider streets will be built, and modern buildings and facilities will be built. It is one of the most delightful cities in the world."

To Salvage Camera

Equipment Lost In Lake As Result Of Aeroplane Wreck

Frank Stewart, a Post William diver, has been engaged by the Dominion forestry service to salvage the camera and other instruments which had been lost at the bottom of Lake Umbagog, as a result of the wreck of the aeroplane R-5, July 22. The instruments are said to lie in 54 feet of water, and Mr. Stewart is taking out his diver's suit and assistants. He has little doubt that he can descend to the bottom and recover the instruments. It is said that it would take several months to duplicate the lost camera.

Between eight and nine hundred languages and dialects are in use among the natives of Africa.



The Charm of Soft Fabric

New frocks are soft and fluted with flowered materials and flares. The frock presented is sure to take the eye of the miss and little woman. First, because of its great simplicity of line, and second, because of the loveliness of its material. A wide ribbon sash is tied at the low waistline, where rippling skirt joins slender bodice. The bodice neck is finished with a narrow binding of the same plain material as the flaring skirt. No. 1254 is in sizes 16, 18, 20 and 22. Price 18 yards (36 inch) requires 4 1/2 yards. Material: crepe, and 3/4 yard plain georgette crepe, ribbon for sash 2 1/2 yards 5 inches wide. Price 20 cents.

The secret of distinctive dress lies in good taste rather than in lavish expenditure of money. Every woman should want to make her dress a good one, and the home dressmaker will find the designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book to be practical and fitting, maintaining the spirit of the mode of the moment. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns
Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg
Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Valuable Work Being Carried On For Welfare of Children in Saskatchewan

Ten or twelve years ago two English ladies specially trained in Sunday School work came to Saskatchewan to see what they could do for the children of the province by giving them instruction in religion. After a few months to this work in a restricted area they conceived the idea of carrying the Sunday school to the children widely scattered on the prairies and for this purpose a van was built and equipped, and since 1920 this van has been travelling about the southern part of the province of Saskatchewan, gathering children to school and teaching them as far as possible something about the religion of our Lord Jesus Christ. This work was begun in 1920. Now, there are vans doing a similar work in all the prairie provinces and in British Columbia. The children so taught in the summer are enrolled as members of the Sunday School by post and so they are kept in touch with those truths which concern their moral and religious welfare.

East African Country Has Evil Reputation

The fact that only five names figure upon the map of Lake Edward, in East Africa—isolated specks in the white blank of the unknown, testifies to its remoteness and evil reputation. The name of the country is Changin. In the natives of Bankoga are farmed as cannibals. The "Changin" carry their teeth to a point. They are all on evil terms with their neighbors. Large tracts of country have been made people from the northwest. Forest game-tracks. Off the beaten track only a compass can save one. The country is a vast, open, and eastern and southern shores of Lake Edward have been closed and deserted by reason of sleeping sickness and the tsetse fly. In the plains are the little pools of Kilok, unmarked in any map, with its islands of floating pygmy.

Memorial Tablet At Zebruggo

To the gallant exploit of British sailors in 1914, a tablet on the Mole at Zebruggo, was unveiled by Prince Charles, the second son of King Albert of Belgium. Mrs. Gilmour, commander of the Mole, placed flowers on the tablet.

Linking Empire By Radio

The new beam radio transmitters connected London with Canada and South Africa will be put in operation about May 1, according to reports received by the department of commerce. It is expected that the Australian and Indian circuits will be ready by July.

Insurance Agency: Don't want your office furnishings insured against theft?

Boys: Yes, all except the clock. Everybody watches that.

The Canadian Legion

Charter of Incorporation Has Been Granted By Letters Patent

Letters patent incorporating "The Canadian Legion of the British Empire and the British Legion" have been issued by the secretary of state, according to an announcement sent out by legion headquarters. Through the charter of incorporation the legion is empowered to "establish, organize and regulate provincial, district and local societies or commands and branches, in convenient centers throughout Canada and elsewhere," and to establish provincial organizations to be known as legion auxiliaries.

The charter of incorporation gives legal effect to the work of the union of the legion, which has been proceeding among Canadian veterans' organizations since the visit of Field Marshal Earl Haig, grand president of the British Empire Service League, to Canada last year.

The original intention of the legion was to seek a royal charter by special act of parliament, but the dissolution of parliament made it necessary to alter this proposal. Application then was made for a charter under the Companies Act.

To Exhibit At U. S. Fair

Alberta To Be Represented At Big State Fair At Sioux City, Iowa

Alberta is to be represented at one of the big state fairs across the line this year, arrangements being now under way for an extensive exhibit at Sioux City, Iowa, where the states of Iowa, South Dakota and Nebraska will hold their annual inter-state fair during the week beginning Sept. 19. The exhibit will be prepared at once, and will be made up of grains and grasses, both sheep and threshing, coal, tar, and and illustrative material. It will be made up of the government's own exhibition tent, a good location for which has been promised on the fair grounds.

Condensed Milk Absolutely Pure

Value of Condensed Milk As A Guarantor of Health

The value of condensed milk as a guarantor of health was curiously demonstrated by an item in the London Daily Mail recently, one sentence in the article reading:

"The complete replacement of fresh milk by condensed milk has notably reduced tuberculosis."

The story had to do with the activities of the London Sanatorium Society and was reported on the health of the animals. Many animals, especially those with chronic diseases, were liable to epidemics of bovine tuberculosis. The antelopes seemed to die of nothing else. Yet they lived under very good conditions and were given generally daily draughts of fresh milk. The fresh milk was cut off and the antelopes were given condensed milk. The improvement followed and tuberculosis has been stamped out in the antelope paddocks. The Borden Company, which has been supplying condensed milk, have long advocated it as an infant food on the ground of its being absolutely pure as well as unfatigable. The incident would seem to bear out the statement that, save for mother's milk, there is no milk so safe for the infant as Eagle Brand.

Jethro's Wise Counsel

Golden Text: To each one his work. Mark 12:34

Lesson: Exodus 18:1-7

Devotional Reading: Psalm 106:1-5

Explanations and Comments

Jethro's Counsel, verses 13-23—Jethro, the Midianite, who had been in Egypt for 23 years, had been in Egypt for 23 years, and he had been in Egypt for 23 years.

"Because the people came to me to inquire of God," Moses answered, "I feared Moses as God's representative, prophet, or mouthpiece. When I thought that God had sent me to Moses to settle it. 'I judge between a man and his neighbor, and I know the statutes of God, and his laws,' said Moses, 'and I have been doing so for many years.'"

"The thing that thou dost is not good," said his father-in-law.

"There may be overdoing even in well-doing" (Matthew 23).

Value Of Water Power

Rapid Development of Use of Water Power Has Effect on Coal Industry

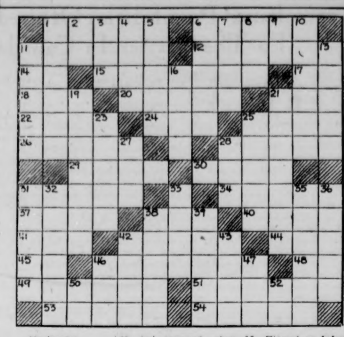
One of the most important causes which contribute to the present serious situation in the coal industry, is the rapid development of the use of water power. Little attention has been given to this means of power production, and according to the report of the American Trust Company of New York from its British Information Service, while in 1920 Europe was using 2,500,000 h.p. by the end of 1923 and today more than 31,000,000 h.p. are being used. This was necessitated by the fact that the world output of coal has remained stationary for the past three or four years at about 1,250,000,000 tons a year, while the demand for heat, light and power has been increasing steadily. Some of the advantages of water power are the very small wear and tear, maintenance and labor costs, and absence of dust, smoke, ashes and cinders.

Sailings Named

Sailings of the new Turfboat Canadian National branch of the Canadian National Railways have been named as follows: Harwell, Livestock, Paine, etc.

It is expected that the Australian and Indian circuits will be ready by July.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal
1—Vehement
4—A marsh grass
12—Devoiated earnest
13—Pertaining to the air
14—A negative reply
15—A pattern
17—God of the midday sun
18—A single unit
19—A mineral called salt
21—Furthermore
22—Having actual existence
23—Strike gently
24—To fasten on
26—Sharp
27—To settle (obs.)
29—To meet
30—To lead
31—To unite man and woman
32—Intonation
37—Alone in its class
38—To stake
40—An assumed character
41—Frigid
42—The high bone
43—A noisy disturbance
44—A small close fitting helmet
45—Sustained (abb.)
46—Drawing of a vessel through water
47—Exhaust
50—To cook
51—Any deliberate assembly
52—To strike
53—To fasten on
54—To settle (obs.)
55—To meet
56—To lead
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